

ABSTRACT

Antagonists of $\alpha 4$ integrin/ $\alpha 4$ integrin ligand
adhesion, which inhibit the biological effects of such
adhesion are described and methods for their use are
5 detailed. Such antagonists are useful in suppressing bone
destruction associated with multiple myeloma. The homing
of multiple myeloma cells to bone marrow and their $\alpha 4$
integrin-dependent release of bone-resorbing factors,
resulting in bone destruction in patients with multiple
10 myeloma, is inhibited.

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